and carry.

6. POET, LOVER, BIRD WATCHER

"Poet, Lover, Bird Watcher" in The Exact Name is one of Ezekiels

finest poems. It is "a wonderfully orchestrated poem, the tone becoming impassioned and exultant as the feelings rise to the crescendo." In this impassioned and exultant as the feelings rise to the crescendo." In this beautiful poem Ezekiel expresses his views on the art of poetry through beautiful poem Ezekiel expresses his views on the art of poetry through vivid and beautiful images. I.N. Kher remarks: "The poem reveals the miration, and words occurred to the crescendo." In this psyche and wind the company of the lover has to the crescendo." In this psyche and the company of the lover has to the crescendo." In this psyche and the company of the lover has to the crescendo. The poem reveals the words of the crescendo. The poem reveals the company of the lover has to the crescendo. The poem reveals the company of the lover has to the crescendo. The poem reveals the company of the lover has to the crescendo. The poem reveals the company of the lover has to the crescendo. The poem reveals the company of the lover has to the crescendo. The poem reveals the company of the lover has to the crescendo. The poem reveals the company of the lover has to the crescendo. The poem reveals the company of the lover has to the crescendo. The poem reveals the company of the lover has to the crescendo.

nature of poetic perception through the network of a highly fecund metaphor in which the images merge into each other like lovers in the art of love. The poet or the bird watcher begins by defining the mood in which all those who study birds or women must place themselves - birds or women symbolize freedom, imagination, love and creativity. A posture of stillness is recommended, because it is in stillness that one listens to the stirrings of the soul, a necessary pre-requisite to the study of freedom and creativity. That is why the best poets wait for words from the centre of stillness before they articulate their experiences."

In the first stanza Ezekiel strikes a parallel between the poet, the lover and the bird watcher. The poet deftly brings together his two pet themes, poetry and love, along with his comparatively new found enthusiasm for bird watching. So, the poem has become a wonderful synthesis of all that Ezekiel has loved best in life. All three-the poet, the lover and the bird-watcher have one thing in common, that is, to watch the movement and wait patiently:

To force the pace and never to be still Is not the way of those who study birds Or women. The best poets wait for words The hunt is not an exercise of will But patient love relaxing on a hill To note the movement of a timid wing.

The bird watcher has to wait patiently, the movement of the fluttering wings of the bird, the lover has to observe patiently the calm and dignified movement of the beloved, and the poet has to wait for the right moment when inspiration dawns on him and right words spontaneously come to him. At the end of this patient wait, the poetic word appears in the concrete and sensuous form of a woman, "who knows that she is loved", and who surrenders to her lover at once. In this analogy

> ...the poet finds his moral proved, who never spoke before his spirit moved.

In this poetry, love and bird-watching; word, woman and bird become interrelated.

"Bird-beloved-poem syndrome runs throughout the Lyric."

The slow movement in the three cases is rewarding. The birdwatcher is rewarded when the bird is suddenly caught in the net, the lover is rewarded when the beloved gladly surrenders and the patient poet gets inspiration to compose a fine piece of poetry. It is all the more rewarding. In order to watch the rarer birds the bird watcher has to go "along deserted lanes and where the rivers flow in silence near the sources or by a shore", the lover has to explore love in a remote place like the heart's dark floor where "the women slowly turn around, not only flesh and bone, but myths of light." The poet passing through remote, crooked and zigzag paths of his psyche and consciousness, attains enlightenment and inspiration, and words occur to them which take the shape of poetry which has the power to activate the senses and makes men see and hear much more than he would have otherwise done. Exchiel ages :

tweet is some term.... By practs lost in created, resultes (light. The deaf can hear, the blind recover sight.

The imagery in this peem is wirid and striking. C. Paul Verghous writes: "What is striking about the use of images in this peem is that the transition from one image to the other is so unobtrusive that the poet, lover and bird-watcher lose their separate identities for once and merge into one another to carry the poem forward to its end." In this bric the literal and the symbolic merge and become undivinguishable. The words "patient love relaxing on a hill to note the movement of a timid wing" are bieral when applied to the bird-watcher but become a wonderful symbol for the poet's wait for the right words and the right images, or the lover's wait for the moment when the beloved will turn to him. Birds turn into words, the remote shore to which the birdwatcher goes to "watch the rarer birds" turn into "the heart's dark floor" where the poet looks for themes and images:

To watch the rarer birds, you have to go Along desorted lanes and where the rivers flow In silence near the source, or by a shore Remote and thorny like the heart's dark floor. And there the women slowly turn around, Not only flesh and bone but myths of light.

It is one of the most celebrated poems of Ezekiel. It is based on "lamble pentameter lines in closely rhymed ten-line stanzas". The beautiful and well-worked images, which are evocative and suggestive work, as we have seen, on three interpenetrating levels. \

7. THE VISITOR

"The Visitor", published in The Exact Name is a short and simple brie which shows Ezekiel's power to create poetry out of "the ordinariness of most events". The cawing of the crow is an ordinary and common event which is the main theme of this lyric. Life is full of ordinary events which usually pass unnoticed but they turn to beauty and delight when the poet freats them poetically. This lyric also exhibits Ezekiel's power to verbal portraiture and his observation of the feathered creatures. It consists of five stanzas of six lines each.

The opening stanza refers to the common Indian superstition that the cawing of the crow predicts the arrival of some guest. Sitting on the window, it fixed its baleful eyes on the poet and cawed thrice. It raised its wings slightly in sinister poise. The crow's gesture indicated that something sinister was going to happen. Its body was tense and it stretched out its neck like that of a nagging woman. The room resounds with its voice and its presence is felt there. The description of the crow